# Appendix A: Self-assessment form: Glebe Housing Association 2024

This self-assessment form should be completed by the complaints officer and it must be reviewed and approved by the landlord’s governing body at least annually.

Once approved, landlords must publish the self-assessment as part of the annual complaints performance and service improvement report on their website. The governing body’s response to the report must be published alongside this.

Landlords are required to complete the self-assessment in full and support all statements with evidence, with additional commentary as necessary.

We recognise that there may be a small number of circumstances where landlords are unable to meet the requirements, for example, if they do not have a website. In these circumstances, we expect landlords to deliver the intentions of the Code in an alternative way, for example by publishing information in a public area so that it is easily accessible.

#  Section 1: Definition of a complaint

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| Code provision | Code requirement | Comply: Yes / No | Evidence | Commentary / explanation |
| 1.1 | Effective complaint handling enables residents to be heard and understood. The starting point for this is a shared understanding of what constitutes a complaint | Yes | Complaints Policy. | The policy is issued to staff, so they understand what constitutes a complaint and the Policy is available on our website. |
| 1.2 | A complaint must be defined as:*‘an expression of dissatisfaction, however made, about the standard of service, actions or lack of action by the landlord, its own staff, or those acting on its behalf, affecting a resident or group of residents.’*  | Yes  | Included in the Complaints Policy, paragraph 4. | Effective complaint handling should be a resident friendly process that enables residents to be heard and understood. The starting point for this is a mutual understanding of what constitutes a complaint. As stated in the Housing Ombudsman Complaint Handling Code, a complaint shall be defined as “an expression of dissatisfaction, however made, about the standard of service, actions or lack of action by the organisation, its own staff, or those acting on its behalf, affecting an individual resident or group of residents”. |
| 1.3 | A resident does not have to use the word ‘complaint’ for it to be treated as such. Whenever a resident expresses dissatisfaction landlords must give them the choice to make complaint. A complaint that is submitted via a third party or representative must be handled in line with the landlord’s complaints policy. | Yes | Our staff are encouraged to actively identify complaints. A resident will not have to use the word “complaint” or to ask to “make a complaint”.  | Staff will record any expression of dissatisfaction as a complaint on its Complaints Register and respond using this approach. Policy wording amended. |
| 1.4 | Landlords must recognise the difference between a service request and a complaint. This must be set out in their complaints policy. A service request is a request from a resident to the landlord requiring action to be taken to put something right. Service requests are not complaints, but must be recorded, monitored and reviewed regularly. | Yes | Included in the Complaints Policy, paragraph 4.1.  | The correspondence register show service requests separately to complaints. |
| 1.5 | A complaint must be raised when the resident expresses dissatisfaction with the response to their service request, even if the handling of the service request remains ongoing. Landlords must not stop their efforts to address the service request if the resident complains.  | Yes | A complaint is raised when the resident expresses dissatisfaction with the response to their service request, even if the handling of the service request remains ongoing. Glebe will not stop their efforts to address the service request if the resident complains. | The Complaints register evidences all dissatisfaction. |
| 1.6 | An expression of dissatisfaction with services made through a survey is not defined as a complaint, though wherever possible, the person completing the survey should be made aware of how they can pursue a complaint if they wish to. Where landlords ask for wider feedback about their services, they also must provide details of how residents can complain.  | Yes |  | The staff member coordinating the survey will report dissatisfaction received via survey to the management team to address. Details on how to make a complaint will be included with the future surveys. |

# Section 2: Exclusions

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| Code provision | Code requirement | Comply: Yes / No | Evidence | Commentary / explanation |
| 2.1 | Landlords must accept a complaint unless there is a valid reason not to do so. If landlords decide not to accept a complaint they must be able to evidence their reasoning. Each complaint must be considered on its own merits | Yes | Included in the Complaints Policy, paragraph 5.1.  | We will accept and deal with all complaints received with some exceptions as listed. If we decide not to accept a complaint, we will explain why. If the complainant is not satisfied with these reasons, they may refer the matter to the Ombudsman.  |
| 2.2 | A complaints policy must set out the circumstances in which a matter will not be considered as a complaint or escalated, and these circumstances must be fair and reasonable to residents. Acceptable exclusions include:* The issue giving rise to the complaint occurred over twelve months ago.
* Legal proceedings have started. This is defined as details of the claim, such as the Claim Form and Particulars of Claim, having been filed at court.
* Matters that have previously been considered under the complaints policy.
 | Yes | Included in the Complaints Policy, paragraph 5.1. Amended policy from 6 to twelve months. | These exceptions include; The issue giving rise to the complaint occurred over twelve months ago. (unless this relates to health and safety, safeguarding or legal obligation) Legal proceedings are ongoing. This does not mean that we will not seek to settle a matter outside of court proceedings. The matter has already been dealt with under our complaints policy. |
| 2.3 | Landlords must accept complaints referred to them within 12 months of the issue occurring or the resident becoming aware of the issue, unless they are excluded on other grounds. Landlords must consider whether to apply discretion to accept complaints made outside this time limit where there are good reasons to do so.  | Yes | Included in the Complaints Policy, paragraph 5.1.  | The Complaints Policy has been updated to reflect this timescale. |
| 2.4 | If a landlord decides not to accept a complaint, an explanation must be provided to the resident setting out the reasons why the matter is not suitable for the complaints process and the right to take that decision to the Ombudsman. If the Ombudsman does not agree that the exclusion has been fairly applied, the Ombudsman may tell the landlord to take on the complaint.  | Yes | Included in the Complaints Policy, paragraph 5.1 | Policy wording amended. |
| 2.5 | Landlords must not take a blanket approach to excluding complaints; they must consider the individual circumstances of each complaint. | Yes | Included in the Complaints Policy, paragraph 5.1 | Policy wording amended. |

# Section 3: Accessibility and Awareness

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| Code provision | Code requirement | Comply: Yes / No | Evidence | Commentary / explanation |
| 3.1 | Landlords must make it easy for residents to complain by providing different channels through which they can make a complaint. Landlords must consider their duties under the Equality Act 2010 and anticipate the needs and reasonable adjustments of residents who may need to access the complaints process.  | Yes | Different channels are defined in the Complaints Policy section 6.We want it to be easy for anyone to let us know that something has gone wrong. We will take a complaint from residents in writing, in person, over the telephone, by email, online via our website & social medial channels (Facebook). | Policy intro: As part of our commitment to the Equality Act 2010, we will ensure that we make reasonable adjustments and adapt our policies and procedures in order to meet individual needs.  |
| 3.2 | Residents must be able to raise their complaints in any way and with any member of staff. All staff must be aware of the complaints process and be able to pass details of the complaint to the appropriate person within the landlord. | Yes  | Complaints Policy and Self-Assessment. | All staff are given details annually of the complaints policy and are aware of the complaints process. |
| 3.3 | High volumes of complaints must not be seen as a negative, as they can be indicative of a well-publicised and accessible complaints process. Low complaint volumes are potentially a sign that residents are unable to complain. | Yes | Agreed. |  |
| 3.4 | Landlords must make their complaint policy available in a clear and accessible format for all residents. This will detail the two-stage process, what will happen at each stage, and the timeframes for responding. The policy must also be published on the landlord’s website. | Yes | Included in the Complaints Policy, section 7.. | The Complaints Policy is published on our website and residents can request a hard copy. |
| 3.5 | The policy must explain how the landlord will publicise details of the complaints policy, including information about the Ombudsman and this Code. | Yes | Policy amended. Section 7. | This Policy is available on our website alongside the Housing Ombudsman’s Complaints Code and our Self-Assessment against the Code. |
| 3.6 | Landlords must give residents the opportunity to have a representative deal with their complaint on their behalf, and to be represented or accompanied at any meeting with the landlord.  | Yes | Included in the Complaints Policy. | We will accept complaints from a resident’s advocate or representative when the resident has confirmed they would like that person to act on their behalf.  |
| 3.7 | Landlords must provide residents with information on their right to access the Ombudsman service and how the individual can engage with the Ombudsman about their complaint. | Yes | The Complaints Policy is on our website and is available on noticeboards.  | The Policy contains the Ombudsman’s contact details as does the. Complaints, compliments, and suggestions leaflet. Both are published on the website.  |

# Section 4: Complaint Handling Staff who will

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| Code provision | Code requirement | Comply: Yes / No | Evidence | Commentary / explanation |
| 4.1 | Landlords must have a person or team assigned to take responsibility for complaint handling, including liaison with the Ombudsman and ensuring complaints are reported to the governing body (or equivalent). This Code will refer to that person or team as the ‘complaints officer’. This role may be in addition to other duties.  | Yes | Due to our staff team size, we do not have a dedicated complaints team. Our Admin team receive residents’ complaints and if these cannot be resolved at the point of complaint, or if the resident requests it, it will be treated as a formal complaint and give to the appropriate member of staff, who will act as the impartial investigating complaints officer. The Admin team oversees all complaints received and ensures responses are sent in accordance with timelines. | The CEO is the senior lead person, accountable for complaint handling who assesses any themes or trends to identify potential systemic issues, serious risks, or policies and procedures that require revision. |
| 4.2 | The complaints officer must have access to staff at all levels to facilitate the prompt resolution of complaints. They must also have the authority and autonomy to act to resolve disputes promptly and fairly. | Yes | Complaints are responded to promptly within timescales.  | If the complaints officer experiences any obstacles they have direct access to the CEO. |
| 4.3 | Landlords are expected to prioritise complaint handling and a culture of learning from complaints. All relevant staff must be suitably trained in the importance of complaint handling. It is important that complaints are seen as a core service and must be resourced to handle complaints effectively |  | The admin team complete training on complaints handling. | The admin team utilise the Housing Ombudsman website and their learning and insight reports.  |

# Section 5: The Complaint Handling Process

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| Code provision | Code requirement | Comply: Yes / No | Evidence | Commentary / explanation |
| 5.1 | Landlords must have a single policy in place for dealing with complaints covered by this Code. Residents must not be treated differently if they complain.  | Yes | Complaints Policy. | The Policy can be viewed on our website. |
| 5.2 | The early and local resolution of issues between landlords and residents is key to effective complaint handling. It is not appropriate to have extra named stages (such as ‘stage 0’ or ‘informal complaint’) as this causes unnecessary confusion.  | Yes | Complaints Policy. | 2 stage complaint procedure in place |
| 5.3 | A process with more than two stages is not acceptable under any circumstances as this will make the complaint process unduly long and delay access to the Ombudsman. | Yes | Complaints Policy. | 2 stage complaint procedure in place. |
| 5.4 | Where a landlord’s complaint response is handled by a third party (e.g. a contractor or independent adjudicator) at any stage, it must form part of the two stage complaints process set out in this Code. Residents must not be expected to go through two complaints processes. | Yes | Section 4, Complaints Policy. |  |
| 5.5 | Landlords are responsible for ensuring that any third parties handle complaints in line with the Code.   | Yes | In our communications with third parties we refer them to the Housing Ombudsman Code. |  |
| 5.6 | When a complaint is logged at Stage 1 or escalated to Stage 2, landlords must set out their understanding of the complaint and the outcomes the resident is seeking. The Code will refer to this as “the complaint definition”. If any aspect of the complaint is unclear, the resident must be asked for clarification.  | Yes | Section 7, Complaints Policy. |  |
| 5.7 | When a complaint is acknowledged at either stage, landlords must be clear which aspects of the complaint they are, and are not, responsible for and clarify any areas where this is not clear.   | Yes | Section 7.1, Complaints Policy. | Policy wording amended. Section 7.1. |
| 5.8 | At each stage of the complaints process, complaint handlers must:  1. deal with complaints on their merits, act independently, and have an open mind;
2. give the resident a fair chance to set out their position;
3. take measures to address any actual or perceived conflict of interest; and
4. consider all relevant information and evidence carefully.
 | Yes | In place through complaints procedure. |  |
| 5.9 | Where a response to a complaint will fall outside the timescales set out in this Code, the landlord must agree with the resident suitable intervals for keeping them informed about their complaint. | Yes  | Included in the Complaints Policy, section 2. |  |
| 5.10 | Landlords must make reasonable adjustments for residents where appropriate under the Equality Act 2010. Landlords must keep a record of any reasonable adjustments agreed, as well as a record of any disabilities a resident has disclosed. Any agreed reasonable adjustments must be kept under active review.   | Yes | When requested reasonable adjustments will be made and recorded on the complaints case folder and kept under review.Section 1 of the Complaints Policy. |  |
| 5.11 | Landlords must not refuse to escalate a complaint through all stages of the complaints procedure unless it has valid reasons to do so. Landlords must clearly set out these reasons, and they must comply with the provisions set out in section 2 of this Code.  | Yes | Included in the Complaints Policy, paragraph 5.2 | On deciding to change or stop the process, the Chief Executive will ensure the resident has received a clear explanation as to why the decision has been made and will inform them of their right to approach the Housing Ombudsman. |
| 5.12 | A full record must be kept of the complaint, and the outcomes at each stage. This must include the original complaint and the date received, all correspondence with the resident, correspondence with other parties, and any relevant supporting documentation such as reports or surveys.   | Yes | Individual folders are kept on the complaints drive.  |  |
| 5.13 | Landlords must have processes in place to ensure a complaint can be remedied at any stage of its complaints process. Landlords must ensure appropriate remedies can be provided at any stage of the complaints process without the need for escalation.   | Yes |  |  |
| 5.14 | Landlords must have policies and procedures in place for managing unacceptable behaviour from residents and/or their representatives. Landlords must be able to evidence reasons for putting any restrictions in place and must keep restrictions under regular review. | Yes | Glebe Community Code. | The Code sets out the provisions that we have in place to deal with customers who display unacceptable behaviour in their contacts and requests for service. This does not affect their ability to engage with the Complaints procedure.  |
| 5.15 | Any restrictions placed on contact due to unacceptable behaviour must be proportionate and demonstrate regard for the provisions of the Equality Act 2010.  | Yes |  | As above. |

# Section 6: Complaints Stages

Stage 1

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| Code provision | Code requirement | Comply: Yes / No | Evidence | Commentary / explanation |
| 6.1 | Landlords must have processes in place to consider which complaints can be responded to as early as possible, and which require further investigation. Landlords must consider factors such as the complexity of the complaint and whether the resident is vulnerable or at risk. Most stage 1 complaints can be resolved promptly, and an explanation, apology or resolution provided to the resident.  | Yes | Complaints Register. |  |
| 6.2 | Complaints must be acknowledged, defined and logged at stage 1 of the complaints procedure **within five working days of the complaint being received**.  | Yes | Complaints Register |  |
| 6.3 | Landlords must issue a full response to stage 1 complaints **within 10 working days** of the complaint being acknowledged.   | Yes | Complaints Register |  |
| 6.4 | Landlords must decide whether an extension to this timescale is needed when considering the complexity of the complaint and then inform the resident of the expected timescale for response. Any extension must be no more than 10 working days without good reason, and the reason(s) must be clearly explained to the resident.   | Yes |  |  |
| 6.5 | When an organisation informs a resident about an extension to these timescales, they must be provided with the contact details of the Ombudsman.  | Yes |  |  |
| 6.6 | A complaint response must be provided to the resident when the answer to the complaint is known, not when the outstanding actions required to address the issue are completed. Outstanding actions must still be tracked and actioned promptly with appropriate updates provided to the resident.    | Yes | Complaints Policy, Section 7. |  |
| 6.7 | Landlords must address all points raised in the complaint definition and provide clear reasons for any decisions, referencing the relevant policy, law and good practice where appropriate.  | Yes | Complaints Policy.  |  |
| 6.8 | Where residents raise additional complaints during the investigation, these must be incorporated into the stage 1 response if they are related, and the stage 1 response has not been issued. Where the stage 1 response has been issued, the new issues are unrelated to the issues already being investigated or it would unreasonably delay the response, the new issues must be logged as a new complaint.  | Yes |  |  |
| 6.9 | Landlords must confirm the following in writing to the resident at the completion of stage 1 in clear, plain language:  1. the complaint stage;
2. the complaint definition;
3. the decision on the complaint;
4. the reasons for any decisions made;
5. the details of any remedy offered to put things right;
6. details of any outstanding actions; and
7. details of how to escalate the matter to stage 2 if the individual is not satisfied with the response.
 | Yes |  | New members of staff will be alerted to the need to ensure this information is provided in responses. |

Stage 2

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Code provision | Code requirement | Comply: Yes / No | Evidence | Commentary / explanation |
| 6.10 | If all or part of the complaint is not resolved to the resident’s satisfaction at stage 1, it must be progressed to stage 2 of the landlord’s procedure. Stage 2 is the landlord’s final response. | Yes | Detailed in the Complaints Policy. |  |
| 6.11 | Requests for stage 2 must be acknowledged, defined and logged at stage 2 of the complaints procedure within five working days of the escalation request being received.  | Yes |  |  |
| 6.12 | Residents must not be required to explain their reasons for requesting a stage 2 consideration. Landlords are expected to make reasonable efforts to understand why a resident remains unhappy as part of its stage 2 response. | Yes |  |  |
| 6.13 | The person considering the complaint at stage 2 must not be the same person that considered the complaint at stage 1.  | Yes | The CEO considers Stage 2 Complaints. |  |
| 6.14 | Landlords must issue a final response to the stage 2 **within 20 working days** of the complaint being acknowledged.   | Yes |  |  |
| 6.15 | Landlords must decide whether an extension to this timescale is needed when considering the complexity of the complaint and then inform the resident of the expected timescale for response. Any extension must be no more than 20 working days without good reason, and the reason(s) must be clearly explained to the resident.   | Yes |  |  |
| 6.16 | When an organisation informs a resident about an extension to these timescales, they must be provided with the contact details of the Ombudsman.  | Yes |  |  |
| 6.17 | A complaint response must be provided to the resident when the answer to the complaint is known, not when the outstanding actions required to address the issue are completed. Outstanding actions must still be tracked and actioned promptly with appropriate updates provided to the resident.   | Yes |  |  |
| 6.18 | Landlords must address all points raised in the complaint definition and provide clear reasons for any decisions, referencing the relevant policy, law and good practice where appropriate. | Yes |  |  |
| 6.19 | Landlords must confirm the following in writing to the resident at the completion of stage 2 in clear, plain language:  1. the complaint stage;
2. the complaint definition;
3. the decision on the complaint;
4. the reasons for any decisions made;
5. the details of any remedy offered to put things right;
6. details of any outstanding actions; and
7. details of how to escalate the matter to the Ombudsman Service if the individual remains dissatisfied.
 | Yes |  |  |
| 6.20 | Stage 2 is the landlord’s final response and must involve all suitable staff members needed to issue such a response. | Yes |  |  |

# Section 7: Putting things right

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| Code provision | Code requirement | Comply: Yes / No | Evidence | Commentary / explanation |
| 7.1 | Where something has gone wrong a landlord must acknowledge this and set out the actions it has already taken, or intends to take, to put things right. These can include: * Apologising;
* Acknowledging where things have gone wrong;
* Providing an explanation, assistance or reasons;
* Taking action if there has been delay;
* Reconsidering or changing a decision;
* Amending a record or adding a correction or addendum;
* Providing a financial remedy;
* Changing policies, procedures or practices.
 | Yes |  |  |
| 7.2 | Any remedy offered must reflect the impact on the resident as a result of any fault identified.  | Yes |  |  |
| 7.3 | The remedy offer must clearly set out what will happen and by when, in agreement with the resident where appropriate. Any remedy proposed must be followed through to completion. | Yes |  |  |
| 7.4 | Landlords must take account of the guidance issued by the Ombudsman when deciding on appropriate remedies.  | Yes | If and when applicable. |  |

# Section 8: Self-assessment, reporting and compliance

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| Code provision | Code requirement | Comply: Yes / No | Evidence | Commentary / explanation |
| 8.1 | Landlords must produce an annual complaints performance and service improvement report for scrutiny and challenge, which must include: 1. the annual self-assessment against this Code to ensure their complaint handling policy remains in line with its requirements.
2. a qualitative and quantitative analysis of the landlord’s complaint handling performance. This must also include a summary of the types of complaints the landlord has refused to accept;
3. any findings of non-compliance with this Code by the Ombudsman;
4. the service improvements made as a result of the learning from complaints;
5. any annual report about the landlord’s performance from the Ombudsman; and
6. any other relevant reports or publications produced by the Ombudsman in relation to the work of the landlord.
 | Yes | Annual complaints and service improvement report produced. |  |
| 8.2 | The annual complaints performance and service improvement report must be reported to the landlord’s governing body (or equivalent) and published on the on the section of its website relating to complaints. The governing body’s response to the report must be published alongside this. | Yes | The report is presented to the Board. Both the report and Board’s response will be published on the website.  |  |
| 8.3 | Landlords must also carry out a self-assessment following a significant restructure, merger and/or change in procedures. | Yes | If applicable, this will be done. |  |
| 8.4 | Landlords may be asked to review and update the self-assessment following an Ombudsman investigation. | Yes | If requested by the Ombudsman. |  |
| 8.5 | If a landlord is unable to comply with the Code due to exceptional circumstances, such as a cyber incident, they must inform the Ombudsman, provide information to residents who may be affected, and publish this on their website Landlords must provide a timescale for returning to compliance with the Code. | Yes |  |  |

# Section 9: Scrutiny & oversight: continuous learning and improvement

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| Code provision | Code requirement | Comply: Yes / No | Evidence | Commentary / explanation |
| 9.1 | Landlords must look beyond the circumstances of the individual complaint and consider whether service improvements can be made as a result of any learning from the complaint.  | Yes | Service improvements and trends, resulting from complaints are reported to the Board. |  |
| 9.2 | A positive complaint handling culture is integral to the effectiveness with which landlords resolve disputes. Landlords must use complaints as a source of intelligence to identify issues and introduce positive changes in service delivery.  | Yes |  |  |
| 9.3 | Accountability and transparency are also integral to a positive complaint handling culture. Landlords must report back on wider learning and improvements from complaints to stakeholders, such as residents’ panels, staff and relevant committees.  | Yes | Complaints are discussed at Resident Panel and staff meetings. |  |
| 9.4 | Landlords must appoint a suitably senior lead person as accountable for their complaint handling. This person must assess any themes or trends to identify potential systemic issues, serious risks, or policies and procedures that require revision.  | Yes | As a small company the CEO oversees the Complaints Process. |  |
| 9.5 | In addition to this a member of the governing body (or equivalent) must be appointed to have lead responsibility for complaints to support a positive complaint handling culture. This person is referred to as the Member Responsible for Complaints (‘the MRC’). |  | Perry Davies, Board member appointed. |  |
| 9.6 | The MRC will be responsible for ensuring the governing body receives regular information on complaints that provides insight on the landlord’s complaint handling performance. This person must have access to suitable information and staff to perform this role and report on their findings. |  | The whole Board receives quarterly updates on complaints. The MRC will be given access to information and staff to perform this role, as required. |  |
| 9.7 | As a minimum, the MRC and the governing body (or equivalent) must receive: 1. regular updates on the volume, categories and outcomes of complaints, alongside complaint handling performance;
2. regular reviews of issues and trends arising from complaint handling;
3. regular updates on the outcomes of the Ombudsman’s investigations and progress made in complying with orders related to severe maladministration findings; and
4. annual complaints performance and service improvement report.
 |  | The whole Board receives quarterly updates on complaints. |  |
| 9.8 | Landlords must have a standard objective in relation to complaint handling for all relevant employees or third parties that reflects the need to: 1. have a collaborative and co-operative approach towards resolving complaints, working with colleagues across teams and departments;
2. take collective responsibility for any shortfalls identified through complaints, rather than blaming others; and
3. act within the professional standards for engaging with complaints as set by any relevant professional body.
 | Yes |  |  |